



Subject	RE
Overall Curriculum	The Devon and Torbay Agreed Syllabus P8:
	The three-fold aim of RE:
	1. Make sense of a range of religious and non-religious beliefs so that they can:
	Identify, describe, explain and analyse beliefs and concepts in the context of living religions, using appropriate vocabulary.
	Explain how and why these beliefs are understood in different ways, by individuals and within communities.
	 Recognise how and why sources of authority (e.g. Texts, teachings, traditions, leaders) are used, expressed nd interpreted in different ways, developing skills of interpretation.
	2. Understand the impact and significance of religious and non-religious beliefs, so they can:
	Examine and explain how and why people express their beliefs in diverse ways.
	 Recognise and account for the ways in which people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, in their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world.
	Appreciate and appraise the significance of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning.
	3. Make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices, and ideas studied, so that they can:
	 Evaluate, reflect on and enquire into key concepts and questions studied, responding thoughtfully and creatively, giving good reasons for their responses.
	 Challenge the ideas studied, and allow ideas studied to challenge their own thinking, articulating beliefs, values and commitments clearly in response.
	Discern possible connections between the ideas studied and their own ways of understanding the world, expressing their critical responses and personal reflections with increasing clarity and understanding.

Pedagogy

We base our teaching and learning style in RE on the key principle that good teaching in RE allows children both to learn about religious traditions and to reflect on what the religious ideas and concepts mean to them. Our teaching enables children to extend their own sense of values and promotes their spiritual growth and development. We encourage children to think about their own views and values in relation to the themes and topics studied in the RE curriculum.

Our teaching and learning styles in RE enable children to build on their own experiences and extend their knowledge and understanding of religious traditions. We use their experiences at religious festivals such as Easter, Christmas etc. to develop their religious thinking. We organise visits to local places of worship and invite representatives of local religious groups to come into school and talk to the children. Children carry out research into religious topics. They study particular religious faiths and also compare the religious views of different faith groups on topics such as rites of passage or festivals. Children discuss religious and moral issues using computers and working individually or in groups.

Our RE curriculum is entirely inclusive, but we recognise the fact that all classes in our school have children of widely differing abilities, and so we provide suitable learning opportunities for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability of the child. We achieve this in a variety of ways, for example, by:

- setting common tasks which are open-ended and can have a variety of responses;
- setting tasks of increasing difficulty (we do not expect all children to complete all tasks);
- Providing stimulation and challenge for all abilities;
- providing resources of different complexity, adapted to the ability of the child;
- •using classroom assistants to support the work of individuals or groups of children.

Assessment

Assessment is regarded as an integral part of teaching and learning and is a continuous process. It is the responsibility of the class teacher to assess all pupils in their class. We assess each child, using feedback from informal observations and recording and through end of unit assessments derived from Understanding Christianity resources.

We also use Assessing without Levels (AWL) grids to record our assessment of the children's levels in RE. This demonstrates what the expected level of achievement is in RE in each year of the school.

Some classes may use Knowledge Organisers/quizzes to assess pre and post knowledge where this is appropriate to the age group or unit of study.

Culture	Through teaching religious education in our school, we provide opportunities for spiritual development. Children consider and respond to questions concerning the meaning and purpose of life. We help them to recognise the difference between right and wrong through the study of moral and ethical questions. We enhance their social development by helping them to build a sense of identity in a multicultural society. Children explore issues of religious faith and values and, in so doing, they develop their knowledge and understanding of the cultural context of their own lives.
Systems	We plan our religious education curriculum in accordance with the Devon and Torbay Agreed Syllabus and deliver the Christian and other faith elements through the resource "Understanding Christianity". This scheme is designed to work as a spiral curriculum, with children revisiting topics in different years, thus allowing them to build upon prior learning and deepen their understanding and make links to other concepts. The planned progression built into the scheme of work offers the children an increasing challenge as they move through the school. There are eight core concepts in "Understanding Christianity", based around the idea of teaching the Bible as the "Big Story". Each unit of work begins with a question that children then try to answer through activities drawn from three strands: making sense of the text, (Bible study); understanding the impact, (putting faith into action) and making connections, (how ideas may connect to their own lives and understanding of the world). At St. Catherine's we also have Bible stories that we draw upon to promote understanding of Christian values and practises, and these may be explored through RE lessons as appropriate to the curriculum. We carry out the curriculum planning in religious education in three phases (long-term, medium-term and short-term). As a Church of England school, we are entitled to devote more curriculum time to the teaching of Christianity than non-church schools and thus our RE curriculum reflects greater weight to Christianity, whilst allowing children to gain an understanding of some other important world faiths: Islam, Judaism, Hinduism, Buddhism and Sikhism.
Policy	https://www.lewtrenchard.devon.sch.uk/web/teaching_and_learning/439282

